MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS
CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

23756

Do not use this space.

1. PLACE OF SPATH County Supplies Township County	0	471 wrice No	File No	
(a) Residence No	Ruy	Ward. (If n	ionresident give city or town and State) foreign birth? yrs. mos. ds.	
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICU	ILARS	MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MAI DIVORCED (F. STATE OF CORN WIFE OF STATE OF S	med-	bat I less saw band, alive on	Y. That I sttended decleased from 192 4	
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE YEARS MONTHS DAYS 2. DAYS 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED	If LESS than 1 day,brs. ormin.	eath occurred, on the date stated above. THE CAUSE OF DEATH® w.	13 A FOLLOWS:	
(a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work (b) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) (c) Name of employer	er	CONTRIBUTORY(SECONDARY) 18. Where was disease contracted	(diretion) A 778. mos. ds.	
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR DOWN) (STATE OR COUNTRY) 10. NAME OF FATHER AND YELLS	ny -	IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATH? DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATH: WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY!	The state of the s	
11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER CITY OR TOWN)		WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSISE (Signed)	Might M.D.	
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER CUTY OR TO (STATE OR COUNTRY)	and .	(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJUST HOMICTDAL. (See reverse side for addit	EATH, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state (, and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal, or ional space.) NO. OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL	
INFORMANT ALLE COLOR (Address) ALLE COLOR (Address) 15.	mo.	Period Callact (Peires City 20. UNDERTAKER Man	ADDRESS AUDRESS ALDRESS ALDRESS ALDRESS	
		1 / / 22	ms.	

Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, State OCCUpation at beginning of illness. If retired-from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia: Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, periloneum, etc., gin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Astlienia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when __a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septicemia." "PUERPERAL peritonitie," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify 88 ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF 88 probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide. Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Norm.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.